



## SGLT2 inhibitors: Indications, doses and licences (England, Scotland and Wales)

Indications, doses and licences of SGLT2 inhibitors, by indication.								
Indication	Drug and dose	Initiate	Stop/reduce	Notes				
Glycaemic control	Canagliflozin 100 mg Increase to 300 mg if required	eGFR ≥45* eGFR ≥60	eGFR persistently <45 <sup>*</sup> Reduce to 100 mg if eGFR <60	Due to their mode of action, all four SGLT2 inhibitors have reduced glucose-lowering effects at eGFR <45. Add another glucose-lowering drug if HbA <sub>1c</sub> is above the agreed, individualised,				
	Dapagliflozin 10 mg	eGFR ≥45*	eGFR persistently <45*					
	Empagliflozin 10 mg Increase to 25 mg if required	eGFR ≥60 eGFR ≥60	eGFR persistently <45 Reduce to 10 mg if eGFR <60	target. *Canagliflozin is licensed for initiation to eGFR $\geq$ 30				
	<b>Ertugliflozin 5 mg</b> Increase to <b>15 mg</b> if required	eGFR ≥60 eGFR ≥60	eGFR persistently <45 eGFR persistently <45	and dapagliflozin to eGFR $\geq$ 15; however, reduced glucose lowering below eGFR 45				
Diabetic kidney disease/chronic kidney disease (DKD/CKD)	Dapagliflozin 10 mg	eGFR ≥15	No lower eGFR limit. Specialist discussion as dialysis/transplant approaches	Use with other CKD therapies. With or without type 2 diabetes				
Diabetic kidney disease (DKD)	Canagliflozin 100 mg	eGFR ≥30	eGFR persistently <30 and ACR <30 mg/mmol Can continue to dialysis/transplant if ACR ≥30 mg/mmol	Add on to standard of care (e.g. ACEi or ARB) for DKD				
Symptomatic chronic HFrEF	Dapagliflozin 10 mg	eGFR ≥15	No lower eGFR limit. Specialist discussion as dialysis/transplant approaches	With or without type 2 diabetes				
	Empagliflozin 10 mg	eGFR ≥20	eGFR <20	With or without type 2 diabetes				

eGFR presented in mL/min/1.73 m<sup>2</sup>.

ACEi=angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitor; ACR=albumin:creatinine ratio; ARB=angiotensin receptor blocker; eGFR=estimated glomerular filtration rate; HFrEF=heart failure with reduced ejection fraction.

Note: Licences for some drugs in this list are different in Northern Ireland. **This advice is for HCPs in Great Britain only.** Information correct on 8<sup>th</sup> December 2021. **Licence amendments pending – view most recent version.** Always consult the electronic BNF or the Summaries of Product Characteristics (SPCs) prior to prescribing any drug. **SPCs:** <u>Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin</u> Author: Pam Brown, GP, Swansea

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## Indications, doses and starting/stopping recommendations of SGLT2 inhibitors, by drug name.

Drug	Indication	Drug and dose	Initiate	Stop/reduce	Notes
Canagliflozin	Glycaemic control	<b>Canagliflozin 100 mg</b> Increase to <b>300 mg</b> if required	eGFR ≥45* eGFR ≥60	eGFR persistently <45* Reduce to 100 mg if eGFR <60	*Licensed for initiation to eGFR ≥30 but reduced glucose lowering below eGFR 45; add another glucose-lowering drug if needed
	Diabetic kidney disease (DKD)	Canagliflozin 100 mg	eGFR ≥30	eGFR persistently <30 and ACR <30 mg/mmol Can continue to dialysis/transplant if ACR ≥30 mg/mmol	Add on to standard of care (e.g. ACEi or ARB) for DKD
Dapagliflozin	Glycaemic control	Dapagliflozin 10 mg	eGFR ≥45 <sup>†</sup>	eGFR persistently <45 <sup>†</sup>	<sup>†</sup> Licensed for initiation to eGFR ≥15 but reduced glucose lowering below eGFR 45; add another glucose-lowering drug if needed
	Diabetic/chronic kidney disease (DKD/CKD)	Dapagliflozin 10 mg	eGFR ≥15	No lower eGFR limit. Specialist discussion as dialysis/transplant approaches	Use with other DKD/CKD therapies. With or without type 2 diabetes
	Symptomatic chronic HFrEF	Dapagliflozin 10 mg	eGFR ≥15	No lower eGFR limit. Specialist discussion as dialysis/transplant approaches	With or without type 2 diabetes
Empagliflozin	Glycaemic control	Empagliflozin 10 mg Increase to 25 mg if required	eGFR ≥60 eGFR ≥60	eGFR persistently <45 Reduce to 10 mg if eGFR <60	eGFR <45, reduced glucose-lowering; add another glucose-lowering drug if needed
	Symptomatic chronic HFrEF	Empagliflozin 10 mg	eGFR ≥20	eGFR <20	With or without type 2 diabetes
Ertugliflozin	Glycaemic control	<b>Ertugliflozin 5 mg</b> Increase to <b>15 mg</b> if required	eGFR ≥60 eGFR ≥60	eGFR persistently <45 eGFR persistently <45	eGFR <45, reduced glucose-lowering; add another glucose-lowering drug if needed

eGFR presented in mL/min/1.73 m<sup>2</sup>; ACR presented in mg/mmol.

ACEi=angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitor; ACR=albumin:creatinine ratio; ARB=angiotensin receptor blocker; eGFR=estimated glomerular filtration rate; HFrEF=heart failure with reduced ejection fraction.

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SPCs: Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin